On-the-fly Editing of Emoji Elements for Mobile Messaging

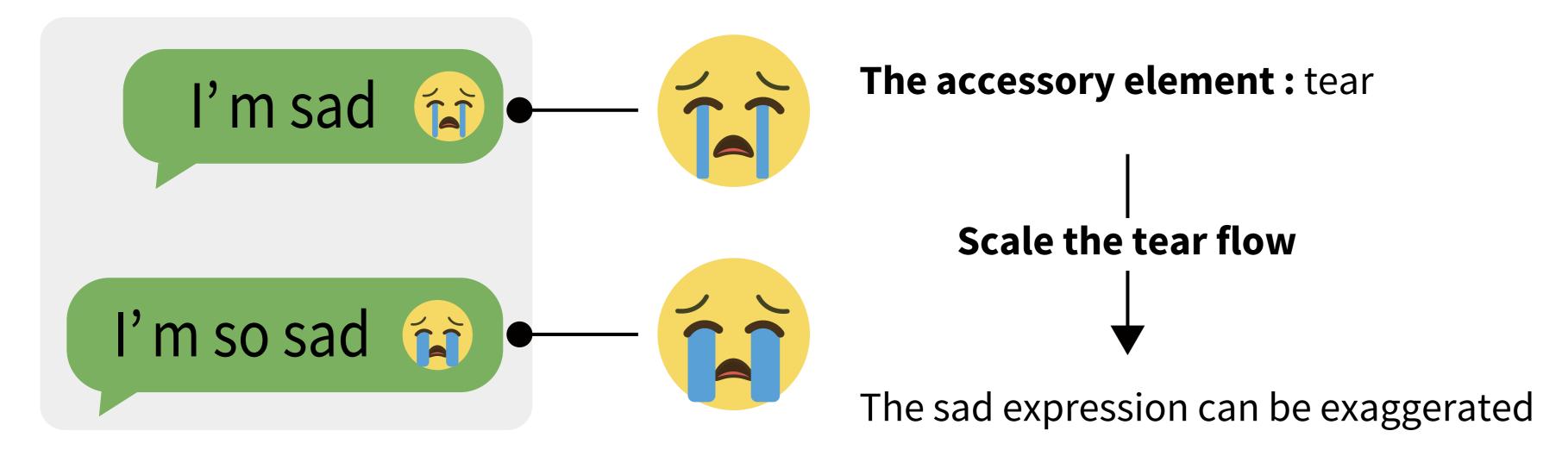
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Introduction

Many emojis have been provided to help users convey subtle expressions. User customization method allows editing detailed parts and adding animation effects to an off-the-shelf emoji for increasing the variety. Moreover, on-the-fly editing methods have been studied to customize the emoji according to the user's emotion when sending a message. However, on-the-fly editing of graphical elements is not considered in conventional methods as follows.

Application	On-the-fly editing	Part-wise editing	# of operations	Animation
Apple Memoji	-	++	n/a	+
Slack	-	_	n/a	+
Google Gboard	++	-	3 steps	+
MojiBord	++	+	1-2 steps	++
VibEmoji	++	_	3-4 steps	++
Our method	++	+	2 steps	-
++: fully implemented +: partially implemented		implemented -	: not implemented	

Our motivation is on-the-fly editing of the accessory elements drawn on the face, such as tears, sweat, hearts, etc., of standard emojis to expand the range of emotional expression when typing messages. Because accessory elements play a particularly important role in emotional expression*, we assume that editing the accessory shapes can exaggerate or reduce emotional expression.

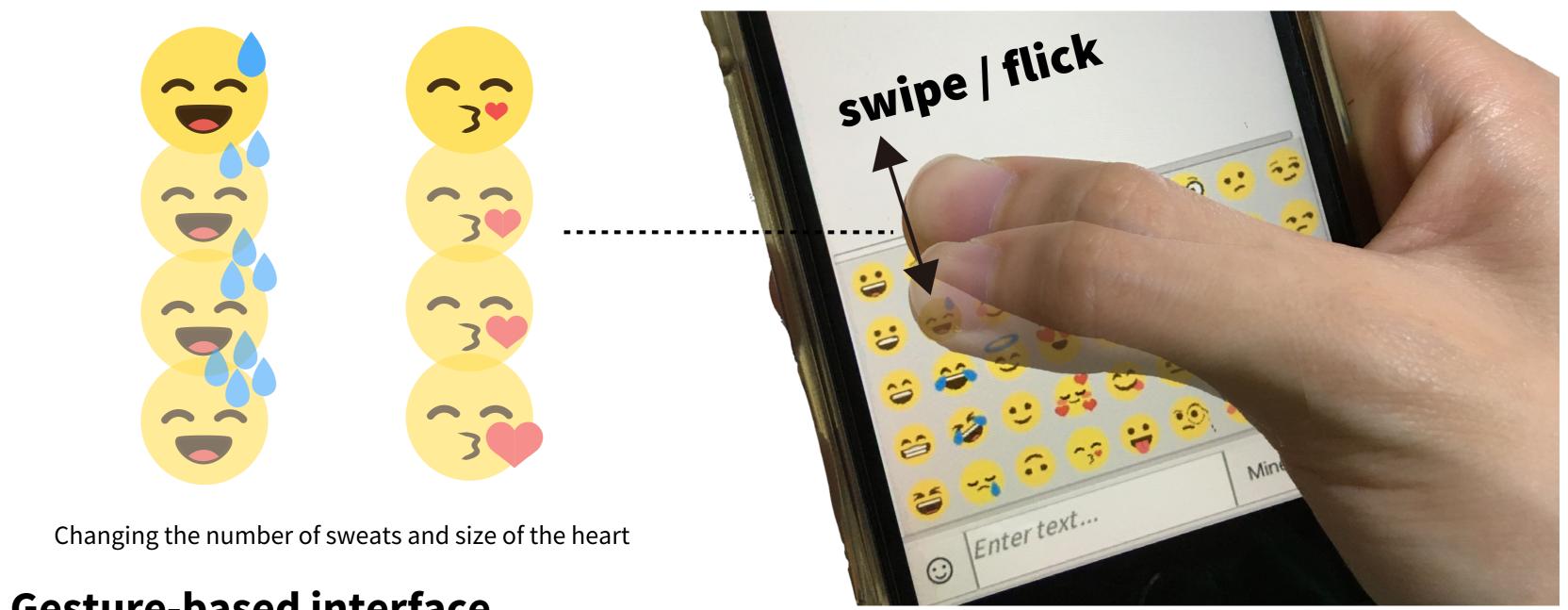


*Gaku Kutsuzawa, Hiroyuki Umemura, Koichiro Eto, and Yoshiyuki Kobayash. 2022. Classification of 74 Facial Emoji's Emotional States on the Valence-Arousal Exes. Scientific Reports 12, 1, Article 398 (2022), 10 pages.

Proposed System

Editable accessories

We define different types of a single parameter to change the emotional impression for each emoji to control the number or scale accessory of elements.



Gesture-based interface

- 1. Flick-based input: The parameter value is determined according to the flicking velocity. This allows rapid input, but the editing result can only be checked after every operation.
- 2. Swipe-based tweaking: The shape parameter value is tweaked according to the swipe distance while seeing the deformation result.

Discussion

- The change in the number of elements: The senders and receivers were easily able to recognize the differnce.
- The differences in element size: the receivers were less aware of relative size differences.
- Representing the intensity of the sender's emotion. Our approach will contribute to alleviating the increase of the emoji set; a slight emotional difference could be expressed by modifying existing emojis.

Future work

- Simultaneous control of multiple shape features with single control parameter
- On-the-fly animation control to more expressive messaging
- More intuitive and efficient method to edit the emoji with simple operations